The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR VIRG.

(VOL. II.) THURSDAY, JULY 14, 1785. (No. 76.)

RUM,

Of an excellent Quality, made and ſold by the Hogſhead or larger Quantity, cheap for Caſh or Country Produce, by

WILLIAM LYLES and COMPANY.

Alexandria, May 17, 1785.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

On Tueſday the 19th of July will be ſold,

EIGHT LOTS, on Columbus and Oronoko ſtreets, 20 and 22 feet in front and from 80 to 123 feet in depth, two of which are ſubject to a rent of 5s. and the reſt 6s. per foot.—The proprietors have an eſtate in fee in the ſaid Lots and will grant the liberty of purchaſing them out in 20 years.—A plan of the Lots, and the terms, may be ſeen at the Vendue-Store.——At the ſame time will alſo be ſold, Five LOTS of GROUND on the eaſt ſide of Fairfax-ſtreet to the ſouthward of its interſection with Wilkes-ſtreet, containing 20 feet each in front and 80 feet in depth, ſubject to an annual rent of 12s. per foot.—Plan and terms alſo may be ſeen at the Vendue-Store.

SAMUEL ARELL, Vendue-Maſter.

Alexandria, July 7, 1785.

William Wilſon,

Has received by the Janet from Glaſgow, and the laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool,

A General aſſortment of DRY-GOODS, which he will ſell by the package or piece on reaſonable terms.—He will give ſhort credit, and produce will be received in payment.

Alexandria, June 15, 1785.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mr. ABRAHAM BARNES, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment, or their accounts and bonds will be put into the hands of an Attorney; and all thoſe who have any juſt claims againſt the ſaid eſtate are deſired to bring them in properly adjuſted, that proviſion may be made for payment. ROBERT BOGGESS, Executor.

June 20, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away this morning from the Subſcriber, a very likely Mulatto man, named SANCHO, about 5 feet 4 inches high, about 26 years of age, and his hair ſtraight for his colour: He had on and took with him one dark broadcloth coat with a brown velvet cape and buttons at the ſleeves, one ſhort dark country coat, white cloth jacket and breeches, two pair of yarn ſtockings, one pair of old boots, one pair of old ſhoes and a new felt hat with red lining. He is very artful and ſenſible, is a middling good carpenter and can do ſomething at moſt kinds of work.——It is expected he has a paſs and will change his name.—Whoever takes up ſaid fellow and ſecures him ſo that his Maſter may get him again, ſhall receive TEN DOLLARS if twenty miles from home, and if above that diſtance the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid if brought home. JAMES PERRY.

Montgomery County, Maryland, June 20, 1785.

☞ I expect he will endeavour to get on board ſome ſhip or go to the back country.

WANTED,

A GOOD MILCH COW.——Inquire at the Printing-Office.

July 14, 1785.

THE Subſcriber being regularly bred to the Practice of Phyſic, in which he has practiſed ſucceſsfully for ſeveral years, reſpectfully offers his ſervice in that line to thoſe who may pleaſe to honor him with their commands.

FOSTER SWIFT.

☞ He may be ſpoke with at Mr. Short's near Col. Hooe's.

Alexandria, July 5, 1785.

TO BE SOLD at Public Vendue, on Tueſday the 19th Inſtant,

Two Lots of Ground in fee-ſimple,

ſituated on Wolf-ſtreet, between Water and Fairfax ſtreets, containing 20 feet each in front, and 86 feet 6 inches in depth to a 10 feet alley.—The terms of ſale are one-third in hand, one-third in 3 months, and the remainder in 6 months.—Alſo to let on ground-rent, ſeveral Lots on Fairfax-ſtreet, containing 20 feet each in front, and 113 feet 5 inches back to a 10 feet alley.—A plan may be ſeen by applying to

DENNIS RAMSAY.

Alexandria, July 7, 1785.

A CHARTER WANTED,

For the ſhip ANN,

ALEXANDER HUIE, Maſter, of about 360 hogſheads of tobacco burthen.—She has a Mediterranean paſs, and now lies at Quantico.—For terms apply to

HUIE, READ and CO.

Dumfries, June 29, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND at the corner of Wolf and Waſhington ſtreets, containing 22 feet front on Waſhington-ſtreet and 73 feet on Wolf-ſtreet.—Alſo, ſeven other Lots joining the above, with the ſame front on Waſhington-ſtreet and 73 feet deep, ſubject to an annual ground-rent of one dollar per foot.—As the purchaſe-money will be but ſmall, ready pay will be expected, when a deed ſhall be given the purchaſer with a ſpecial warranty.—The rent is not to begin till the 26th of October next; each lot to be improved with a dwelling-houſe in three years, otherwiſe the rent to be 10s. per foot inſtead of one dollar.—I have alſo ſeveral lots on Fairfax-ſtreet, near the corner of Gibbon-ſtreet, which I will rent on moderate terms to ſuch as can improve immediately.—A plan of the lots on Wolf-ſtreet may be ſeen at the Printing-Office.

WILLIAM HARTSHORNE.

Who has juſt received, New-England rum, molaſſes, raiſins in jars, and hollow iron ware, which will be ſold cheap for Caſh.

Alexandria, July 6, 1785.

THE Subſcribers at the American Flag, in the town of Bath, have procured a number of the beſt houſes, convenient to the ſprings, for the reception of genteel boarders.—They contain upwards of 40 private rooms, many of them large and convenient.

They alſo propoſe to eſtabliſh Stages, to run between Baltimore and Bath the preſent ſeaſon.—Previous notice will be given in the Maryland Journal, when and where they intend to ſtart.

JAMES RUMSEY,
NICHOLAS ORRICK.

Bath, Berkeley County, June 24, 1785.

RAN away from the Subſcriber on Saturday the 26th ult. an apprentice Lad, named JOHN GRIMES, about 17 years of age, by trade a ſail-maker.—Whoever will return ſaid apprentice to his Maſter, ſhall receive a reward of ONE SHILLING currency.

JOSEPH ROBERTSON.

Alexandria, July 7, 1785.

ON MARRIAGE.

"MEN by marriage become, in every ſenſe, nearer related, or cloſer connected, with the reſt of the ſpecies. Our wives are thus rendered as dear to us as ourſelves, and the remoter degrees of affinity made proportionable objects of our attention. By marriage we are rendered more beneficient and leſs ſelfiſh, find our hearts and capacities enlarged, our natural affection and compaſſion, our friendſhip and benevolence, improved, refined and exalted. Marriage teaches us more ſenſibly to feel the misfortunes and neceſſities of others, and acquaints us with the various changes and turns in life, and with whatever belongs to men to know and practiſe.

"When ſingle, we only ſee the world in groſs and in general; when married we ſee it in detail and particular, and view thoſe things ſingly, and one by one, which we before ſaw in the heap. By means of matrimony our ideas of human nature become clear, bright, and diſtinct, which before were confuſed, general, and indeterminate: Whence we reaſon and judge with more knowledge and clearneſs, from our own experience to that of others, and from that of others to our own; we feel the force of arguments which we did not underſtand before, and explain to ourſelves numerous particulars that, till now, ſeemed dark, ſtrange, and unaccountable.

"Marriage, by furniſhing us with a thouſand opportunities of knowing mankind, underſtanding the nature of things, and improving our mental faculties, is an excellent ſchool of virtue to men. The joys and comforts, which a man who is ſuitably married feels at home, render him more civilized and compaſſionate abroad, and the love he bears to his wife and children humanizes his heart for others. Marriage teaches us to eſtimate things according to their true value and uſe, and to behave in a proper manner towards the reſt of mankind.

"Many things conſpire to render the married ſtate more happy than the ſingle, and particularly the friendſhip that mutually ſubſiſts between the huſband and wife. All who have felt the power of friendſhip will acknowledge, that it has a happy influence over their whole conduct. Friendſhip is a virtue worthy of man, as it greatly ennobles his nature, and produces much good in the world. It makes us uſeful, ſteady, firm, careful, manly, and as ſolicitous to promote the happineſs of our friends as our own.

"We muſt always ſuppoſe, that the married pair have a tender and mutual love and friendſhip for each other, which induces them to lay aſide the natural inattention or inſenſibility to others ſo uſually found in unmarried perſons. A happy marriage produces the warmeſt friendſhip, which gaining the aſcendant, the married pair are hence more inclined to cultivate friendſhip with others; and as their matrimonial affection leads them to overlook or indulge the weakneſſes and failings of each other, they grow leſs attentive to the common failings of mankind, and by degrees acquire a civilized deportment towards all they converſe with. The amiable looks and friendly behaviour, which the huſband and wife conſtantly practiſe towards each other, extend, in a proportionable degree, to all their acquaintance, and warm their hearts to reciprocal friendſhip.

"Providence having deſtined men to the laborious employments of life, they are accordingly obliged to arm themſelves with reſolution and intrepidity, to encounter difficulties and dangers; which render ſerioufneſs, earneſtneſs, and fortitude of mind, neceſſary in men; and if theſe rough virtues were not moderated and ſoftened by the tenderneſs of women, men would become too rigid and intractable for civil ſociety: But women, who muſt be ſupported, protected, defended, and provided for by men, are in their nature delicate, amiable, formed for pleaſing, and ſoftening the maſculine ferocity. They would in general lead diſagreeable lives, if they could not influence the hearts of men to marry; but by their

gentle power, and their lovely addreſs, to bend our tougher minds, they juſtly obtain their right of ſupport from men. This difference in the minds of the huſband and wife produces ſuch a powerful effect, ſuch an agreeable interchange and harmony of the paſſions, as render the married ſtate much more pleaſing and deſirable than the ſingle; a great advantage being thus derived to human nature, as both the huſband and wife have their minds and ideas mutually improved, ſupported, regulated, and humanized by each other.

"While a man lives ſingle, his chief care and attention being beſtowed on himſelf, he does not exert all the powers of which he is poſſeſſed; but in the married ſtate, the man is bound to provide for another as well as himſelf, and conſequently muſt then exert the powers in a higher degree, and employ the faculties of his ſoul to better advantage; and the greater good a man does, in proportion to what he is capable of doing, the more manly he is. Single perſons, who, without ſufficient reaſon, refuſe to marry, are to be conſidered as half men, wanting the courage and addreſs, the pleaſing ſatisfaction, of performing many great duties, which Providence has beneficently prepared men for. We cannot appear to advantage, when out of our proper ſphere: Marriage is the ſituation that renders us all moſt human and uſeful. Allowing that a ſingle man could be endowed with the higheſt moral qualities, yet he could not give ſuch manifeſt proofs of his poſſeſſing them, as one who is married.

"There is indeed a kind of men, who ought never to enter into this ſtate. Indolence, ignorance, meanneſs, tyrannical pride, and all the vices that diſhonor human nature, unfit us for the duties of marriage. A good huſband lives up to the laws of his nature, but a bad one is, in every light, inhuman.

"Men, by the labour and fatigue they undergo, in performing their ſeveral duties and offices of life abroad, require refreſhment and comfort at home; and, if they find it not there, their ſituation is miſerable, and renders them churliſh, fretful, and diſpleaſing to others; whence the attendants upon ſingle men uſually endeavour to avoid them, when ſuch moroſeneſs, diſpleaſure and inhumanity appear. But when a weary huſband returns home to a wife who tenderly loves him, when he hears her enlivening voice, and ſees the friendly ſmile upon her face, new pleaſures inſtantly ariſe in his heart; all fatigue and dejection vaniſh from him, who is thus received and ſupported. This grateful reward animates and encourages the huſband daily to renew his labours with freſh alacrity, pleaſure and ſatisfaction; while ſingle men, for want of theſe comforts, cannot ſo well perform the duties of their ſtations.

"Single men, though ever ſo humanized, knew nothing of that capital human pleaſure, which highly diſtinguiſhes us as men, and which no one can procure, but by the means of matrimony: The joy that a parent receives from children, parents alone can have any idea of. The exultation of mind, which parents feel from the conſciouſneſs of having children, participates of ſomewhat divine.

"The parental relation is found even among brutes, who never diſcover greater joys or excellencies, than when they have young ones, nature, at thoſe times, rendering even the dulleſt brutes alert, the moſt ſtupid ſenſible, the moſt lazy induſtrious, and the moſt cowardly courageous. If nature operates ſo powerful upon brutes on this occaſion, how much ſtronger does ſhe operate in the hearts and minds of human parents, who, by having a numerous offſpring, find their power and ſtrength conſiderably encreaſed and multiplied.

"Parents regard their children not only as a continuation of themſelves, but as the ennoblers of their nature, by an additional ſacred dignity; for there is no human connection more ſacred, than that which is formed between parents and their children.

"Marriage, therefore, is laudable in the higheſt degree, and man is in his height of dignity when he becomes a virtuous huſband, and a good father."

VIENNA, April 16.

GOVERNMENT entertain the moſt ſanguine expectations from the culture of tobacco in Hungary. So great is the demand for the tobacco produced there, at foreign markets, that it is already conſidered as an important article of commerce. Two merchants of Trieſte lately bought twelve quintals of this tobacco at Segodin and Groz Niklos, paying for it at the rate of from ſeven to eight and a half florins per quintal.

LONDON, May 6.

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, April 12.

"Yeſterday at the quarter ſeſſions held here, a hatter was fined the ſum of 140l. for fourteen hats ſold to one perſon, without proper ſtamps affixed to them, that is, the ſtamps, which were of leſs value than the law directs, were cut in two, and ſo artfully concealed by the hat ticket of the hatter's addreſs being partly placed over them, that the fraud would not have been diſcovered but by one of the trade."

A few days ſince an attorney in the Temple, ſent his employer a bill to the amount of the trifling ſum of one hundred and twenty-two pounds, the client thinking the ſum (though ſmall) rather overcharged, applied to a perſon properly authoriſed to tax ſuch accounts, who made a deduction of no leſs than one hundred and ten pounds, leaving a remainder of twelve pounds only, to be paid by the client, who was perfectly ſatisfied with the award; the more ſo, as he advanced the attorney fifteen pounds, by which means, inſtead of having one hundred and ſeven pounds to pay, he would have ſomething to receive —when he can get it.

Extract of a letter from Peterſburgh, March 21.

"The Count de Bruce, commander in chief at Moſcow, has informed the court, that on the 2d of the month, at noon, the ſky being clear, Reaumur's thermometer at 21 degrees, a very extraordinary phænomenon was obſerved there. The ſun ſhining in its greateſt ſplendor, appeared to be ſurrounded by a very bright circle, of a moderate ſize. A ſecond larger circle interſected his diſk, and in the circumference of that circle were ſeen five meteors, in form like ſmall ſuns, two of which appeared at the ſide of the real ſun in ſuch a manner, that the ſemi-circle which intreſected it, likewiſe interſected the meteor neareſt. The three other ſmall ſuns were placed in the lower part of the circumference of the large circles; that in the middle was in a perpendicular line under the ſun, and the ſun and the two others at a ſmall diſtance on each ſide. Near the centre of the large circle, perpendicular under the ſun, was a very bright creſcent, the horns of which turned downwards. This phænomenon laſted till ſun-ſet, after which it gradually vaniſhed; however there remained ſome traces of the circle, as well as the collateral ſuns, until ſix o'clock in the evening. According to an account by General D'Aſcharow, the ſame phænomenon was obſerved at Uſtuſchna and at Tocherepow."

KINGSTON, May 21.

On Monday laſt arrived at Port-Royal his Majeſty's ſhip Swan, from the Muſquito-Shore. By her we learn, that the Janus, Flora and Iphigenia had ſailed for Truxillo, and the Bull-Dog for the Bay of Honduras; that every thing was quiet at the Shore; but that no treaty whatever had been agreed to when ſhe ſailed. The troops we hear enjoy a better ſtate of health than could have been expected in ſo diſagreeable a climate.

May 28. Advices from Hiſpaniola ſtate, that in conſequence of repeated orders from Old France, the ſtricteſt and moſt vigorous meaſures are now employed there, to prevent all intercourſe with foreigners, but through the free port lately eſtabliſhed, and that only for certain articles; the ports of Cape-Francois, Cape-Nicola-Mole, Port-au-Prince, and Aux-Cayes, being ſhut againſt the colours of every nation, without exception, but their own, on pain of confiſcation of veſſel and cargo.

The ſhip Diligence, Captain Hay, which arrived on Sunday laſt from Anamaboe, with upwards of 400 ſlaves, was overtaken on her paſſage, about two degrees to the ſouthward of the line, by a dreadful thunder ſtorm, in which a moſt awful flaſh of lightning ſtruck the fore-top-gallant-maſt, which immediately fell upon deck, and killed eight of the ſlaves outright—ſeventeen others were ſo dreadfully wounded by the ſplinters of the maſt, and the force of the fluid, that they all died in a ſhort time afterwards.—The Captain and crew were alſo ſtunned by the ſhock; though providentially, none of them were materially hurt. Such are the dreadful effects of lightning! The moſt extenſive, the moſt rapid and powerful agent in the whole univerſe.

LITCHFIELD, June 21.

On Saturday, the 12th inſtant, a griſt-mill, ſtanding in Livingſton's manor, containing upwards of one thouſand buſhels of wheat, was ſet on fire by lightning, and, with its contents, entirely conſumed.

NEW-YORK, July 4.

On Saturday laſt, being the day appointed by Congreſs for the public reception of his Catholic Majeſty's Miniſter, he was conducted by Mr. Jay (the Miniſter of Foreign Affairs) to the Congreſs Chamber, where that auguſt body were aſſembled and ready to receive him. The Credentials were then delivered by the Secretary of the Spaniſh Legation, to the Secretary of Congreſs, and every thing neceſſary on the occaſion of the ceremony was conducted with the greateſt decorum, in the preſence of a number of reſpectable ſpectators. After which, that Hon. Body the Members of Congreſs, the new Miniſter, and other gentlemen, were entertained at the houſe of his Excellency the Preſident, with an elegant dinner proper for the occaſion.

July 6. Laſt Monday being the anniverſary of the complete Independence of the Thirteen United States of North-America (which was declared on the fourth of July, 1776) the ſame was uſhered in with the firing of cannon, ſucceeded by the ringing of bells. In the morning and at noon, the French packet, commanded by Captain Tuvache, which was beautifully decorated, fired a ſalute, and the day was ſpent with that conviviality which the ſubject inſpired.

A magnificent dinner was provided by Mr. Bradford, at the Coffee-Houſe, at the inſtance of the Honorable Congreſs, at which were preſent John Jay, Eſq; the French, Dutch, and Spaniſh Ambaſſadors, and ſeveral other gentlemen, who with that Honorable Body, partook of the ſame. After dinner the following toaſts were drank, each ſucceeded by a diſcharge of thirteen cannon:

1. The United States of America.
2. The King of France.
3. The King of Spain.
4. The United Netherlands.
5. The King of Sweden.
6. Concord between nations.
7. Univerſal empire to law and juſtice.
8. May the happineſs of the people be the ſole ambition of the rulers.
9. The fourth of July, 1776.
10. The memory of thoſe who have fallen in defence of their country.
11. The late Commander in Chief, and the officers and ſoldiers who have hazarded their lives, to defend the rights of their country.
12. May ſimplicity of manners, induſtry and frugality, diſtinguiſh the character of an American.
13. Liberty, peace and happineſs to all mankind.

Their Excellencies the Ambaſſadors, accompanied by a number of gentlemen, retired about eleven, and his Excellency the Preſident, with the reſt of the company, about one o'clock.

That truly band of brothers, the ſociable Society of Cincinnati, alſo held their anniverſary meeting at Mr. Cape's, where the utmoſt hilarity prevailed, and after an elegant dinner, provided for the occaſion, the following toaſts were drank, under a diſcharge of cannon:

1. The United States; and may true republican principles govern them.
2. Congreſs.
3. His Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty.
4. The United Netherlands.
5. His Catholic Majeſty.
6. His Excellency General Waſhington.
7. The friendly powers in Europe.
8. The Governor and State of New-York.
9. The memory of our brethren who have gallantly fallen in defence of liberty.
10. May the happineſs of America never be interrupted by foreign attacks, or domeſtic commotions.
11. Our Brethren the Cincinnati.
12. The Fair of America, and Federal meaſures.
13. The Day.

At noon the members of the Cincinnati waited on his Worſhip the Mayor and Corporation, at the City-Hall, to congratulate them on the day; and from thence, preceded by the conſtables, they all paid their compliments to his Excellency the Preſident of Congreſs, and after mutual congratulations, returned again to Mr. Cape's, where, by order of the Corporation, a collation was provided, of which all preſent partook, and enjoyed a degree of pleaſure unknown to many pſeudo citizens.

A correſpondent, in ſpeaking of the patriotic Cincinnati Society obſerves, "that nothing could do more honor to human nature, than the brotherly love and unfeigned teſtimonies of veneration which each member of that ſociety demonſtrated on the celebration of independency on the 4th inſtant; recollecting with ineffable pleaſure, the glorious event brought about by their united, unremitted, and toilſome exertions; and what diſtinguiſhes them ſtill more conſpicuouſly, is, their general, ardent diſpoſition to ſupport pure and uncontaminated the republican principles and federal confederation of their country; for which they ſo long, ſo perilouſly and honorably ſtruggled—and on the completion of which they enjoyed, and do enjoy, the higheſt ſatisfaction."

On Monday the 27th ult. arrived at his houſe in New-London (from England, via Nova-Scotia) the Right Reverend Doctor Samuel Seabury, Biſhop of the Epiſcopal Church in Connecticut, to which dioceſs he was conſecrated by three Biſhops on the 15th of November laſt, after a moſt excellent ſermon, adapted to the occaſion, which was delivered by a Biſhop of the Epiſcopal Church at Aberdeen, in Scotland, concerning the pure and apoſtolical eſtabliſhment.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.

The Hon. Rufus King, Nathaniel Gorham, Theodore Sedgwick, Nathan Dane, and John Hancock, are choſen to repreſent the State of Maſſachuſetts in Congreſs.

July 7. At the Annual Meeting of the Society of the Cincinnati of the State of Pennſylvania, July 4, 1785, the following members were elected officers for the enſuing year.

Arthur St. Clair, Preſident.
Thomas M'Kean, Vice Preſident.
Francis Johnſton, Treaſurer.
A. G. Claypoole, Aſſiſtant Treaſurer.
William Jackſon, Secretary.
Richard Fullerton, Aſſiſtant Secretary.

And the following members with the officers, were appointed a ſtanding committee for the enſuing years

John Dickinſon, William Macpherſon,
Samuel Nicholas, Richard Humpton and
Rev. Wm. Rogers, T. L. Moore.
Matthew M'Connell,

Reſolved, That the inſtitution of the Society, with the proceedings hitherto, and the proceedings of each annual meeting be printed, and that the ſtanding committee direct the publication.

W. JACKSON, Secretary.

Monday laſt, about 6 o'clock P. M. a rape, attended with horrid circumſtances, was committed on the body of a young woman, a little above Frankfort; the infamous culprit was luckily apprehended the ſame evening, and is now ſafely lodged in the gaol of this city—where, if we judge right, his continuance muſt be very ſhort, as a crime of ſo aggravated a dye, and ſo injurious to ſociety, will, moſt probably ſoon prove the cauſe of his ignominious exit from this world.

July 8. We hear that on Tueſday laſt Congreſs appointed the Honorable John Rutledge, Eſq; of South-Carolina, Ambaſſador to the United Netherlands, in the room of his Excellency Governor Livingſton, who has declined the appointment.

Meſſieurs John and Robert Baldwin, printers of the Volunteer Journal, at Cork, have lately been obliged to diſcontinue the publication of their newſpaper, on account of ſome late taxes laid upon their buſineſs; as appears by the following advertiſement:

"To the public.

"Accept of our utmoſt thanks for your generous "ſupport heretofore given the Volunteer Journal. "The determination of government to ſuppreſs the "free papers of the kingdom, by the late alteration "in the oppreſſive STAMP-ACT, and the accu- "mulated expence daily to each publiſher, makes "it not worth our while to purſue an occupation "which, in the end, would only turn out a benefit "to the needy dependants of the ſtate. We hope "thoſe indebted to us will be pleaſed to diſcharge "their accounts when waited on, in order to ena- "ble us to anſwer our engagements.

"John and Robert Baldwin."

Cork, April 21, 1785.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14.

Laſt Monday Afternoon there were frequent heavy Guſts of Thunder here, accompanied with Hail and much Rain, during which the Lightning ſtruck the Conductor affixed to the Houſe of William Herbert, Eſq; which it followed, without any further Damage than breaking ſome of the Windows, although the Shock was ſo great as to throw the Conductor down.——The great Quantity of Rain which fell, did conſiderable Damage to ſeveral new Buildings, particularly a new Brick Building which it entirely deſtroyed.

We hear from the Country, that much Damage has been done by the Hail, which was ſo amazingly large as to cut down Fields of Corn; and we are apprehenſive more Damage has been done than we have yet heard of.

We hear from Frederick County, that two Boys lately went into the River Shenandoah to bathe and were both unfortunately drowned.

Accounts from Boſton mention, that the Bridge now building over Charles-River, conſidering the Magnitude of the Work, goes on rapidly.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Brig Ann-Maria, J. Robertſon, and Schooner Adventure, R. Saunderſon, from Barbadoes; Schooner Venture, J. Scarborough, and Sloop Nightingale, B. Pierce, North-Carolina; Schooner Lottery, Z. Mann, Baltimore; Sloop Dolphin, A. Steuart, Philadelphia.

Cleared Outwards. Brig Jenny, M. Griffing, for Barbadoes; Sloop Sally, J. Blake, Glouceſter; Schooner Lottery, Z. Mann, Baltimore.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

On Monday next, being Court-Day, will be Sold at the Vendue-Store,

A Variety of Wet and Dry Goods, as uſual,

Among which are, Claret Wine in Bottles, and a few Hogſheads of Tobacco.

SAMUEL ARELL, Vendue-Maſter.

Alexandria, July 14, 1785.

Richard Conway,

HAS for Sale, Barbadoes Rum and Spirits by the Hogſhead, Muſcovado and clayed Sugar in Barrels, and Liſbon Wine in Quarter-Caſks.

Alexandria, July 13, 1785.

TO BE LET,

A Neat and convenient DWELLING-HOUSE, ſituated on Royal-ſtreet, conſiſting of ten rooms, with good cellars underneath, a kitchen adjoining the houſe, and every other convenience ſuitable for a large family; alſo, a large kitchen garden. —There is alſo a draw-well of excellent water contiguous to the back part of the houſe, and few houſes in Alexandria can boaſt of being ſo well and conveniently ſupplied with that valuable article.—Any perſon who may be deſirous of renting the above premiſes, may, by applying to the Subſcriber, if terms can be agreed on, have immediate poſſeſſion of the ſame, excepting four rooms in the houſe, which will be reſerved by the proprietor three or four months for himſelf.

JOHN SUTTON.

☞ As John Sutton intends going to England this fall, he wiſhes thoſe who are indebted to him would be kind enough to make payment; and all who have any open accounts againſt him are deſired to bring them in for payment.

Alexandria, July 12, 1785.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JOHN MILLS, Eſquire, deceaſed or to his Adminiſtrators on behalf of his eſtate, are once more requeſted to make immediate payment; a reluctance to bringing ſuits generally, hath induced the Adminiſtrators heretofore to give greater indulgence than has been approved by the creditors of the eſtate. All thoſe concerned will pleaſe to take notice, that ſuits will now be brought indiſcriminately for all that remain unpaid, returnable to Auguſt Court, the Adminiſtrators not deeming themſelves juſtifiable in granting any further time, which they might, perhaps, do in many caſes, were they acting for themſelves.

ROBERT T. HOOE,
CHARLES SIMMS,
WILLIAM BROWN, } Adminiſtrators.

Alexandria, July 14, 1785.

Town of Alexandria, July 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons who may be concerned in the lands which may bind on Waſhington-ſtreet, when extended the width of 100 feet, and in the lands which may bind on Franklin-ſtreet, when extended in the manner it was laid off by the executors of John Alexander, that the Common Council have it under conſideration to preſent a plan to the next General Aſſembly for laying off the lands adjoining the ſaid Town, reaching to the diſtance of one mile weſtwardly of the Court-Houſe, parallel with King-ſtreet, and to be bound ſoutherly by Hunting-Creek, and northerly by Four-mile-run, ſo that a perfect uniformity may be preſerved with regard to the ſtreets of the ſaid Town; and all perſons concerned in the premiſes are hereby requeſted to ſuſpend any improvements thereon until the ſaid plan is exhibited to the public, which ſhall be done on the laſt Thurſday of this Month.

By order of Council,

OLIVER PRICE, Clerk of Council.

To be ſold at Public Vendue, on Monday the 22d day of Auguſt next,

TWO ſmall LOTS of GROUND in fee-ſimple, each 20 feet front and about 46 feet back, advantageouſly ſituated, having a ſouth front on Queen-ſtreet, between Fairfax and Royal ſtreets.—Alſo, a number of ſmall Lots on Pitt and Gibbon's ſtreets, about 20 feet front each, ſubject to a moderate ground-rent, which will be made known at the time of ſale.—The Subſcriber has alſo for ſale, a leaſe for three good lives, all exiſting, of a PLANTATION of LAND in Fairfax County, containing 218 acres, about 18 miles from Alexandria and about 10 from George-Town; the land is well watered and well timbered, the greateſt part clear, has good improvements thereon, excellent in quality for tobacco, corn and wheat, about 40 acres of meadow may be made, and watered by never failing ſprings.

JOHN GRAHAM.

Alexandria, July 14, 1785.

For ſale at the foot of the Ridge, near Snickers's-Gap, Loudon County, Virginia,

A TRACT of LAND, containing about 2500 acres, it is not of the firſt quality but good farming land; there is on this tract nine tenements, it is well watered, ſome improved meadow land, and a large quantity of ground capable of being reclaimed and converted into fine timothy meadow.—The terms may be known by applying to me in Weſtmoreland County, or to Mr. JEREMIAH SANFORD on the premiſes, who will ſhew the land.

JOHN AUGUSTINE WASHINGTON.

July 4, 1785.

LOST,

A LARGE GOLD WATCH with a gold face, maker's name unknown.—Whoever has found it and will return it to the Printing-Office, ſhall receive a reward of THREE GUINEAS.

July 8, 1785.

On Tueſday the 19th inſt. will be ſold at Public Vendue,

TEN LOTS, beautifully ſituated on Waſhington and Duke ſtreets. No. 1, 2, 3, have each an eaſt front of 21 feet, and No. 4, of 22 feet on Waſhington-ſtreet, and run back 112 feet to 14½ feet alley; the laſt of theſe has the additional convenience of an alley of the ſame width on the whole extent of its ſouth ſide. No. 5 is a corner lot with a ſouth front of 23½ feet on Duke-ſtreet, and extending in depth on Waſhington-ſtreet 80 feet to the alley laſt mentioned. No. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, have each a ſouth front alſo of 20 feet on Duke-ſtreet, and an equal depth with No. 5, terminating on the ſame alley.—Theſe lots poſſeſs the advantages of the fronts which are generally preferred; they lie nearly on a level with ſome of the higheſt and and pleaſanteſt in town, and on two very deſirable ſtreets, as Waſhington-ſtreet is 100 feet wide, and Duke-ſtreet from the natural progreſs of improvements down the river, muſt ſoon become nearly central in that direction. They will be ſold ſubject to moderate ground-rents, proportioned to their reſpective ſituations and advantages. The plan and terms may be ſeen at the Vendue-Store.

SAMUEL ARELL, Vendue-Maſter.

Alexandria, July 14, 1785.

LENT,

TO ſome gentlemen whoſe names are forgotten, a book entitled Voltaire's Miſcellanies, 2 vols. of Cook's Voyages and a box of types.—Thoſe gentlemen by returning them would exceedingly oblige

EDWARD HARPER.

Alexandria, July 12, 1785.

WHARF BUILDING.

David Shaon,

WHOSE profeſſion it is, being here for the preſent ſeaſon, and deſirous to be as uſeful as poſſible to the inhabitants whilſt he ſtays, invites the earlieſt application to him at Mr. Roberdeau's wharf, of ſuch who would not be diſappointed, when it may not be in his power to ſerve them, as now he can command any reaſonable number of good workmen from Baltimore who await his orders. He profeſſes alſo the capacity of building a complete pile-driver, one being ſufficient for the whole place, and recommends the driving of large piles on the outſide walls of every wharf, which is the cuſtom in Baltimore even in the Baſon; but is more peculiarly ſuitable here from the ſteepneſs with which the channel of Potomack is formed. Such a machine is too expenſive to be born by an individual, therefore if made at more general expence he will give proof of the diſintereſtedneſs of his advice.

Alexandria, July 12, 1785.

STOLEN or ſtrayed from the Subſcriber's plantation in Prince-George's County, Maryland, about two miles and a half from Alexandria Ferry, on the 16th of laſt month, two very likely MARES, one between 8 and 9 years old, 15 hands high, ſhort tail, of a bay colour, blind of one eye, and is thought to be with foal; the other 4½ years old, 13 hands high, a dark bay, well-made, has a pretty head, a wild breed and is very lively.——Any perſon who will take up ſaid mares and ſend me word, if within 15 miles from me, ſhall receive ONE GUINEA reward, and if further TWO GUINEAS, and reaſonable charges paid. PETER SAVARY.

July 14, 1785.

STOP THE VILLAIN!

ON June the twenty-ſeventh day,
My Negro fellow ran away,
His name is CALEB, and his age,
Is twenty-ſix, or near that ſtage;
A ſtrong built fellow and looks ſly,
I think five feet nine inches high;
Although a black, inclin'd to yellow,
He is a cunning artful fellow;
He ſpeaks ſo ſoft, with ſo much art,
As if the tale came from his heart;
When ſpoken to he'll always ſmile
With an intention to beguile.
Waiſtcoat and breeches, if I'm right,
Alſo his coat and ſhirt, were white.
He took with him ſome other clothes,
But what they were they're wiſe who knows.
The man that finds, and will detect him,
May reſt aſſur'd I'll not neglect him,
But will reward him for his pain,
Or do as much for him again,
That is to ſay if need require,
If not, TWO POUNDS ſhall be his hire;
In Martinſburg of Berkeley County,
There I'll be found to pay the bounty.

July 1, 1785. JOSEPH MITCHEL.

RAN away from the Subſcriber on Sunday the 10th inſtant, an apprentice Lad, named JAMES LACEY.—Whoever will deliver the ſaid apprentice to his Maſter, ſhall receive ONE SHILLING reward. WILLIAM WARDEN.

Alexandria, July 11, 1785.

POETRY.

From the EUROPEAN MAGAZINE.

EPITAPH
On Dr. JOHNSON.

YE vain, licentious wits! your diſtance keep,
And, if you never wept, now learn to weep.
Learning hath loſt her prop in JOHNSON's end,
Virtue her boaſt, and Piety her friend.
Preſume not to this ſhrine too near to draw,
Or, if you dare approach, approach with awe.
The ſcythe of Time ſhall canker o'er with ruſt,
Loſe its keen edge, and moulder into duſt;
HIMSELF, too, ſicken, and in anguiſh pine,
Ere he ſhall gain a harveſt ſo divine.
But, tho' thy form be ſnatch'd from mortal eye,
JOHNSON! thy ſpotleſs fame ſhall never die.
Clos'd as thou art in Death's eternal cave,
Thy works ſhall live, and bloſſom from the grave.

I will ſell cheap a very beautiful LOT, with a ſouth Front of 30½ Feet and 123 Feet deep, in a healthy and improved Part of Alexandria. WILLIAM BAKER.

July 4, 1785.

THE Partnerſhip between LOWRY and M'KENNA being this day diſſolved by mutual conſent, it is earneſtly requeſted that all thoſe who ſtand indebted to this houſe make immediate payment, eſpecially thoſe whoſe accounts are more than three months on their books.

Mr. Lowry propoſing ſhortly to embark for England in order to bring over a ſpring aſſortment, offers his ſervices to his friends in the commiſſion line, and hopes his conduct will merit the thanks of thoſe who employ him.

☞ A few caſes of *excellent* old port for ſale, at the ſtore, next door to Mr. Henry Lyles's.

Alexandria, June 21, 1785.

TO BE LET,

And poſſeſſion given on the 25th of July,

A Convenient DWELLING-HOUSE on Water-ſtreet, oppoſite Hooe and Harriſon's ſtores.—Apply to

D. and L. M'PHERSON.

☞ They have for ſale, a quantity of Weſt-India rum and muſcovado ſugar in hogſheads and barrels, and Madera wine by the pipe, hogſhead and quarter-caſk.

Alexandria, June 28, 1785.

The Subſcriber has for SALE,

TWO LOTS of LAND in the County of Loudon, containing 150 acres each, ſituated on the road from Colonel Leven Powell's to Alexandria, 20 miles above Newgate and fifteen from Leeſburg, convenient to ſeveral mills on Gooſe-Creek and Little-River; the quality of this land is exceeding fine for corn, wheat or tobacco and under a good fence, and there may be made a ſmall meadow. As both lots join each other, I will either ſell them together or ſeparate as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer. Grain may be ſown this fall and poſſeſſion given the firſt of February, 1786. Any gentleman inclinable to purchaſe, may ſee the land and know the terms, by applying to Colonel LEVEN POWELL, living near the premiſes, or Mr. WILLIAM DUVALL in Alexandria. Alſo for ſale, another TRACT containing 200 acres, ſituated 5 miles from Alexandria on the main road to Colcheſter, on which there is at leaſt 60 acres of meadow land, the reſt high land fit for corn, wheat or tobacco. As to this land it needs no recommendation being allowed by all gentlemen who have ſeen it, to be equal, if not ſuperior to any land in the State. Any gentleman inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to Major WILLIAM JOHNSTON, on the premiſes, or Mr. WILLIAM DUVALL.

DENNIS M. JOHNSTON.

Alexandria, June 20, 1785.

THE Subſcriber takes this method to acquaint the public and his friends in particular, that he intends keeping a BOARDING-HOUSE at Bath this ſeaſon, at the ſign of the White Horſe (the old place) where every thing requiſite will be furniſhed for the accommodation of thoſe gentlemen and ladies who may favor him with their company, and they may be aſſured, that every exertion in his power ſhall be made, to render the place and time agreeable, and ſhall be very thankful for all favors conferred on their moſt obedient humble ſervant,

JOSEPH BUTLER.

Berkeley County, June 15, 1785.

☞ A great Variety of BLANKS, printed on good Paper, may be had at the Printing-Office.

BROADCLOTHS.

Jonathan Swift and Co.

Have for ſale at their ſtore on Capt. Harper's wharf,

A General aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable coloured broadcloths both fine and coarſe, which they will diſpoſe of for the ſterling coſt and charges, which were ſelected from the firſt manufactories in England, and are as low charged as any ever imported.—Alſo, a general aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which they will diſpoſe of at a very moderate advance for caſh, bills, produce, or ſhort credit with ſecurity.—They have on hand excellent London porter in ſmall hampers, New-England rum, chocolate, pimento, hyſon, ſouchong and bohea teas in cheſts and ½ cheſts.

☞ They diſcount 2½ per cent. for ready money as uſual.

Alexandria, June 30, 1785.

THE Subſcriber begs leave to inform the public, that having finiſhed his ſtudies under the celebrated Mr. Peale of Philadelphia, in Portrait Painting, he is now ready to exert himſelf to the utmoſt of his abilities in taking LIKENESSES in oil, and flatters himſelf he ſhall pleaſe thoſe who may employ him.—He may be ſeen at Mr. Lownes's in Fairfax-ſtreet.

CHARLES PEALE POLK.

Alexandria, June 28, 1785.

Robert Lyle,

Has for ſale at his ſtore, oppoſite the Printing-Office,

HYSON, green, ſouchong and bohea teas, French and Spaniſh brandy, Jamaica ſpirits and rum, wine, a general aſſortment of DRY-GOODS ſuitable for the ſeaſon, amongſt which are mens' hats of all kinds and womens' ditto full trimmed and feathered.—Said Lyle has to rent 2 or 3 rooms of a houſe.—Poſſeſſion will be given immediately.—Alſo, 4 rooms of another houſe which will be ready in three weeks from this time.—He has alſo to rent or ſell, one LOT of GROUND 25 feet on Fairfax-ſtreet, by 75 or 80 in depth.—Alſo, two LOTS on Royal-ſtreet, 27 feet in front each, by 60 deep.——Alſo to be rented, the STORE oppoſite the Printing-Office.—For terms apply as above.

Alexandria, June 30, 1785.

TO BE LET,

THE Store now occupied by Mr. MARTIN BROWN.—Alſo, to be let on ground-rent for twelve years, three Lots on King-ſtreet, 23 feet front by 76 feet deep, one of which fronts the whole depth on St. Aſaph-ſtreet.—The tenant may build as he pleaſes and diſpoſe of his houſe at the expiration of the term.—For further particulars inquire of ADAM LYNN.

Alexandria, June 28, 1785.

Juſt imported by the Subſcriber, in the Janet from Glaſgow, and laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool,

A general aſſortment of

DRY GOODS, which he will ſell on reaſonable terms by the package or piece.

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.

Dumfries, June 25, 1785.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of the late Mr. CYRUS COPPER of Alexandria, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the Subſcriber; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate are deſired to bring in their claims and receive payment.

ELIZABETH COPPER, Adminiſtratrix.

Alexandria, June 29, 1785.

Juſt imported in the Speedwell, Capt. Prince from the Weſt-Indies, and to be ſold by

Robert Donaldſon,

At Mr. WILLIAM HUNTER, junior's ſtore,

A FEW puncheons of high proof rum, and a ſmall quantity of muſcovado ſugar of the firſt quality by the Barrel.—Alſo, a few pieces of white and dyed jeans, German cords, denims, muſlinets and printed linens, by the piece.—Alſo, white cotton counterpanes at a very moderate advance.

Alexandria, June 27, 1785.

TO BE LET,

For one or more Years, and Poſſeſſion given the Firſt of Auguſt next,

THE noted PUBLIC HOUSE ſo long kept by Mr. JOHN LOMAX.—The Situation, Conveniencies, Out-Houſes, &c. are ſo univerſally known as to make it needleſs to particularize them.—For terms apply to

JOHN WISE.

Alexandria, June 30, 1785.

To be ſold, at the Printing-Office,

A Variety of Blank Books, conſiſting of Ledgers, Journals, Caſh-Books, Letter-Books, &c. &c. Alſo, Stoughton's Bitters, Anderſon's Pills, Daffy's Elixir, Balſam of Honey, Squire's Elixir, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, &c. &c. &c.

On the 20th day of September next if fair, if not the next fair day, will be SOLD on the Premiſes,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, lying in Stafford County, Virginia, well watered and abounding with good timber. The ſouth bounds of the Land are within 12 miles of Fredericksburg, and the north bounds about 5 miles from Dumfries, both conſiderable and growing towns. The eaſt bounds are about one mile from Aquia Warehouſe, and croſſes Aquia-Run at the fork, where the north and ſouth branches divide, each extending weſtward through the whole Land, and will furniſh ſeveral valuable mills ſeats. At the fork of the two branches on the eaſtern bounds, and where both may be included there is a remarkable convenient ſeat with abundance of water for a large merchant-mill and ſaw-mill, with plenty of ſtone for building, and heights to erect mills of any conſtruction. Adjoining to this ſeat are upwards of 1000 acres of uncleared Land, abounding with timber proper for a ſaw-mill, ſuch as large white oak and pine, of the latter many large enough for ſhips lower maſts. The annual rents now on the Lands are upwards of 22,000 pounds of tobacco, and there are upwards of 4000 acres ſtill unſettled. It is a remarkable healthy place, and from its number of branches and ſmall natural meadows, affords good grazing for ſtock. The whole is laid off in 32 Lots, from 150 to 350 acres, for the conveniency of purchaſers. A draught may be ſeen, and the Land ſhewn, by an application to Col. BAILEY WASHINGTON, whoſe reſidence is adjoining.——The conditions and terms of ſale are as follow: The Lots to be ſold reſpectively at public ſale to the higheſt bidder, in ſterling money, or good London bills of exchange. Gold and ſilver will be taken at its value, and crop tobacco of 1000 pounds net, inſpected within the year, will be received in diſcount at ſuch price as may be agreed on. Deeds to be given with a general warranty. One third of the purchaſe-money to be paid down, one third in two years, and the other third in three years from the day of ſale, with legal intereſt to be paid annually. Bonds to be given with approved ſecurity, and if the annual intereſt, being demanded, is not paid within three months after it becomes due, the indulgence of credit ſhall be forfeited, and a ſuit may be commenced to recover both principal and intereſt. Any purchaſer making the ſecond and third payments, or any part of either on the day of ſale, will be allowed a diſcount of 10 per cent. on ſuch ſum. Any perſon or perſons inclinable to purchaſe the whole before the day of ſale, ſhall have it at a moderate price on paying down one half the purchaſe-money, and giving bond on intereſt with approved ſecurity, conditioned as above, for payment of the other half within five years from the time of ſale.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

May 30, 1785.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on Saturday the 11th inſtant, a Negro woman, named WINNY, about 17 years of age; has been lately corrected for her miſbehaving, the marks of which may poſſibly ſtill appear, has a very ſtubborn temper and ſurly countenance.—Whoever apprehends ſaid Negro and brings her home, ſhall receive 20s. if taken in the County, and if out of the County 40s. and all reaſonable charges paid.

LAWRENCE HOOFF.

Alexandria, June 27, 1785.

FOR SALE,

THE noted TRACT of LAND, called Clarkſburgh, in the County of Shenandoah, Virginia, on the main road leading from Winchester to Stantown, where it croſſes the North River, containing about 1600 acres, about 400 of which are low grounds, in a bend of the river equal to moſt lands on the weſtern waters, 200 acres cleared and in good order for cropping, with a dwelling-houſe 38 by 30 feet, five rooms below ſtairs, four of them with fire places, a kitchen, ſtore-houſe, ſmith's-ſhop, barns, ſtables, &c.—Likewiſe, a neat well contrived diſtillery.—The lands will be ſhewn to any perſon wanting to purchaſe by Colonel T. Beale or Mr. Reuben Moore, who live near the premiſes.—Diſtant payments for one half the purchaſe-money and a good title made by the Subſcriber, living near Dumfries, Virginia. BURR HARRISON.

June 20, 1785.

THE Subſcribers to M'MURRAY's Maps of the United States of America are requeſted to call at the Printing-Office for them.

THOSE who have BOOKS belonging to the late WILLIAM RAMSAY, Eſq; are requeſted to return them to WILLIAM RAMSAY.

Alexandria, June 20, 1785.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.